

REMARKS

Entry of the amendments to the specification, claims and abstract before examination of the application is respectfully requested. These claims patentably define over the art of record.

If there are any questions regarding this Preliminary Amendment or the application in general, a telephone call to the undersigned would be appreciated since this should expedite the prosecution of the application for all concerned.

If necessary to effect a timely response, this paper should be considered as a petition for an Extension of Time sufficient to effect a timely response, and please charge any deficiency in fees or credit any overpayments to Deposit Account No. 05-1323 (Docket # 095309.56170US).

Respectfully submitted,



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Arrangement of an electrical power generating system in an ~~electrical vehicle~~,
~~and a method for mounting and/or for installation of the electrical power~~
~~generating system in the electrical~~ electric vehicle

BACKGROUND AND SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

[0001] This application claims the priority of German patent document 102 49 437.1, filed October 24, 2002 (PCT International Application No. PCT/EP2003/010513, filed September 20, 2003), the disclosure of which is expressly incorporated by reference herein.

[0002] The invention relates to an ~~arrangement of an~~ electrical power generating system ~~in an electrical vehicle which contains~~ that includes at least one electrical traction motor, a fuel cell, and means for supplying the fuel cell with a combustion gas and an oxidizing gas, [[and]] in an electric vehicle that has a load-bearing structure with longitudinal supports, and to a method for mounting and/or for installation of the electrical power generating system in the electrical vehicle.

[0003] German patent document DE 4 412 450 A1 discloses a vehicle with such an electrical vehicle having an electrical power generating system which contains an electrical traction motor, a fuel cell and means for supplying the fuel cell with a combustion gas and an oxidizing gas is already known (DE 4 412 450 A1). The vehicle has a chassis ~~which comprises~~ that includes two longitudinal supports and two transverse supports, with [[. A]] front [[axle]] and [[a]] rear axle are axles articulated on the longitudinal supports. The electrical traction

motor ~~which~~ is arranged on the front axle, and is connected to an electrical power controller which is fed from the fuel cell that includes ~~The fuel cell comprises~~ a stack of individual fuel cells. A reformer, a fuel tank and additional units such as ion interchangers, condensation separators, reformat coolers, heat exchangers, temporary hydrogen stores and fuel cell coolers are provided in order to produce the combustion gas. The oxidizing gas is fed into the fuel cell using a compressor which is preceded by an air filter.

[0004] [[The]] One object of the present invention is based on the problem of specifying to provide an electrical electric power generating and distribution system for an electrical vehicle, which contains prefabricated parts with which the vehicle can quickly be equipped.

[0005] Another object of the invention is to provide [[, and]] a method for simple installation of such an electrical electric power generating system such as this in an electrical electric vehicle.

[0006] These and other objects and advantages are achieved by the According to the invention, the problem in the case of an arrangement of the type described initially is solved in that the electrical electric power generating system according to the invention, which contains a first module with appliances at least for preprocessing and metering of the gases to be fed into the fuel cell and a second module with the fuel cell itself. The, ~~which~~ fuel cell is connected to the first module by mechanical coupling means, for carrying the gases to be supplied to the fuel cell, [[for]] dissipating [[the]] reaction gases from the fuel cell, and [[for]] carrying at least one coolant via the fuel cell, and by electrical

coupling elements, which transmit for the transmission of measured values from sensors.

[0007] ~~The, in that~~ the first module and the second module are jointly mounted in a container which can be inserted into a cavity in the vehicle (which is accessible from the underneath the vehicle side) in the vehicle, and can be attached to the longitudinal supports in the vehicle by ~~means of~~ at least four holders ~~which are~~ fitted to the container longitudinal side walls. An, and in that an electrical power distribution module, which includes at least [[has]] distribution circuits with fuses, and ~~at least one a~~ switching element for switching the distribution circuits on and off, can be attached to a side wall of the container and can be connected via coupling elements to the electrical outputs of the fuel cell and to cables to the electrical loads in the electrical vehicle.

[0008] The electrical power generating system according to the invention ~~accordingly thus~~ has three modules which can be produced autonomously. Two of the modules, two of which are mounted within the container and the third is connected to an outer wall of the container. ~~The production of the module with the appliances for preprocessing and metering of the gases, and of the module with the fuel cell, The first and second modules~~ can be ~~carried out~~ produced in a workshop configured particularly for this purpose. The, in which the connections between the two modules [[are]] can also be made there using a jig, based[[],] on the basis of their arrangement. The, on a jig. This unit comprising

the two modules connected to one another is then installed in the container. The assembly formed in this way is suitable as a supply part.

[0009] The first module together with the appliances for preprocessing and metering of the gases to be fed into the fuel cell is preferably arranged at the front of the container, relative to [[-]] seen in the direction of travel of the electrical vehicle, [[-]] of the container, and is screwed to the bottom of the container. This arrangement allows the module, which is also referred to in the following text as the gas preprocessing module, to be attached quickly and easily.

[0010] In a further preferred embodiment, the second module [[with]] (the "fuel cell module") has a housing which contains the numerous individual fuel cells with electrical connections. It [[, and]] is connected to the container by means of two screws [[on]] at the rear container bottom and via in each case one holder on each of the left and right sides, alongside the front face. Particularly when [[it is]] designed for relatively high electrical power levels, the fuel cell is relatively heavy and is attached to the container at four points.

[0011] In particular, the The third (electrical power distribution) module [[model]] can be attached to an outer wall of the container, which [[wall]] is adjacent to the second module and runs transversely with respect to the longitudinal supports. The electrical power distribution module [[has a]] is lighter weight than the fuel cell module with the fuel cell, which is also referred to in the following text as the fuel cell module, and than and the gas preprocessing module; it [[, and]] can therefore be handled more easily and can

also be attached to the container more easily after the latter has been installed in the ~~electrical~~ electric vehicle.

[0012] It is also expedient to provide at least two holders with guide pins on each of the two longitudinal faces of the container. ~~The~~ , ~~in which case the~~ guide pins can then be pushed into holes in the longitudinal supports in the electrical vehicle, and the holders can be attached to the longitudinal supports by means of screws, so that. ~~This arrangement allows the container with~~ the two modules to be attached to the vehicle quickly and easily.

[0013] The holders [[are]] preferably include ~~designed such that they have~~ movement restriction means, which restrict the movement of the container relative to the longitudinal supports, and allow such movement only in the event of an impact beyond a specific impact strength. They may also [[, and]] have energy absorption means for controlled transmission of kinetic energy from the container to the longitudinal supports, with energy being at least partially destroyed.

[0014] In the ~~ease of a~~ method according to the invention for mounting and/or for ~~installation of~~ or installing an electrical power generating system such as described above, in an electrical vehicle which ~~contains at least one electrical traction motor, a fuel cell and means for supplying the fuel cell with a combustion gas and an oxidizing gas, and has a load-bearing structure with longitudinal supports, the problem is solved, according to the invention, in that a~~ first module with appliances ~~at least~~ for preprocessing and metering of fuel [[the]] gases ~~to be fed into the fuel cell~~ and a second module with the fuel cell are

produced. These , in that the first and [[the]] second module modules are arranged in an apparatus and are then connected to one another by mechanical coupling elements, including which relate to lines for the substances to be supplied to the fuel cell and to be dissipated from the fuel cell and [[it, to]] coolant routing for the fuel cell, and [[to]] electrical coupling elements for sensor signal transmission between the two modules. The connected , in that the modules which are connected to one another by means of the coupling elements are then mounted in a common container, in that the container which is then inserted (together with the modules) into an electrical the electric vehicle from underneath, into a cavity which is provided in this vehicle, for that purpose, and [[is]] attached to the longitudinal supports.

[0015] , in that a The third module, which contains an electrical connection for the electrical outputs of the fuel cell, electric and electrical power distribution circuits with fuses for [[the]] connection of electrical loads, and at least one switching element for switching the electrical power distribution circuits on and off, is [[the]] then attached to the container externally on a side wall. The , in that the electrical connections are then made from the third module to the fuel cell and to electrical loads in the vehicle. The , and in that the first module is [[then]] connected to a source for the of combustion gas and [[to]] a channel for [[the]] air supply, and is connected by means of inputs and outputs to at least one cooling circuit in the electrical vehicle and to output line for the reaction products from the fuel cell.

[0016] The method according to the invention makes it possible to produce major components of the electrical power supply system in their own right, remote from the vehicle assembly location, and to join them together to form a self-supporting unit which can be transported to the vehicle assembly location, and ~~can be~~ installed in this vehicle quickly and easily. Overall, this reduces the amount of effort for assembly of the vehicle.

[0017] The gas preprocessing module is mounted in the front of the container, relative to [[-]] seen in the direction of travel, [[-]] ~~of the container, in particular~~ by ~~means~~ of two screws. The fuel cell module is expediently mounted by means of two screws in the rear part of the container bottom, and by means of two holders, which are each arranged on one face of the module~~[[,]]~~ on the longitudinal side walls of the container. A mechanical interface between the gas preprocessing module and the fuel cell module ~~in each case~~ includes inputs for hydrogen gas and air, inputs and outputs for at least one cooling medium, and outputs for the reaction products. An electrical interface is provided for the measured values from pressure and temperature sensors. The coupling elements of the interfaces are produced in a jig after the arrangement and connection of the gas preprocessing module and of the fuel cell module. The modules which have been connected to one another are then mounted in the container.

[0018] The container together with the two modules is then installed in the electrical vehicle by being pushed on a lifting device into a cavity in the vehicle. It is then, and by then being screwed to the longitudinal supports at four holders, which are fitted to the longitudinal faces of the container. [[An]] The

electrical power distribution module, which contains connections for the electrical outputs of the fuel cell and ~~outgoer~~ outgoing lines with fuses for the connection of electrical loads in the vehicle, and an on/off switch for the outgoer lines, is then attached to a wall of the container which runs transversely with respect to the longitudinal supports. The electrical connections are then made. Finally, connections are also made from a hydrogen source to an input on the gas preprocessing module, from an air induction channel to the gas preprocessing module, and from there to output lines for the reaction products of the fuel cell, to vent lines and to a coolant source.

[0019] Other objects, advantages and novel features of the present invention will become apparent from the following detailed description of the invention when considered in conjunction with the accompanying drawings.

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

~~The invention will be described in more detail in the following text with reference to one exemplary embodiment, which is illustrated in a drawing, and from which further details, features and advantages will become evident.~~

~~In the figures,~~

[0020] Figure 1 [[shows]] is a side view of an electric vehicle electrical power generating system according to the invention, which is composed of modules and is arranged in a container; for an electrical vehicle,

[0021] Figure 2 shows a perspective view from above [[of an]] ~~the electrical power generating system of Figure 1; and, which is composed of modules and is arranged in a container, for an electrical vehicle,~~

[0022] Figure 3 ~~is~~ [[shows]] a ~~schematic front sectional view, taken section~~ through longitudinal supports in an electrical vehicle having a container, which is attached to the longitudinal supports, with modules of an electrical power generating system, ~~shown schematically in a view from the front.~~

DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

[0023] ~~As shown in Figures 1-3, an [[An]] electrical power generating system 1 for an electrical vehicle has a first module 2 with appliances for preprocessing and metering of the gases to be fed into a fuel cell. The gases are, for example, hydrogen as the combustion gas and air as the oxidizing gas. The module 2 has an input 3 for hydrogen which is supplied via a metering valve to the fuel cell, with the fuel cell being which is arranged in a second module 4. (Conventional components Components which are not illustrated, such as a compressor for the air, an air filter, sensors for the pressure, temperature and gas flow rates, and further components for the metering of hydrogen are provided in the module 2[[.]] , but are not shown, for the sake of simplicity.)~~

[0024] The module 4 contains the fuel cell (which is in the form of a stack of individual fuel cell elements) with connections for the supply of hydrogen, air, coolant, and outputs for the reaction products as well as electrical connections for the emission of currents and measured values from sensors in the fuel cell.

Interfaces for coupling elements are provided between the two modules 2, 4, for
[[For]] the transmission of the coolant, for example water, hydrogen gas, air and
the reaction products of the fuel cell. (Two such, interfaces for coupling elements
are provided between the two modules 2, 4, two of which coupling elements 5, 6
are illustrated in Figure 2.) Further electrical interfaces, which are (also not
illustrated) [[,]] are likewise provided for the transmission of measured values
from sensors that are arranged in the fuel cell, with the corresponding coupling
elements. In addition to the fuel input 3, the module 2 has inputs and outputs for
the coolant, an input for air and at least one output for [[the]] reaction products
of the fuel cell. (Two such inputs and outputs 7, 8 are illustrated in Figure 2.)

[0025] The two modules 2, 4 are jointly arranged in a container 9, which is
in the form of a trough [[and]] whose bottom forms a part of the lower face of the
~~respective electrical~~ electric vehicle. The module 2, together with the appliances
for the preprocessing and metering of the gases, is mounted by means of screws
[[(11)]] 11 on the bottom 10 of the container 9 at the front, relative to [[-]] as seen
in the longitudinal direction of the vehicle. The module 4, which with the fuel cell
has a housing [[which]] that contains numerous the individual fuel cell elements,
although these are (not illustrated), The module is screwed to the bottom 10 of
the rear part of the container 9 by means of two screws [[(12).]] 12. Furthermore,
the module 4 is attached by means of screws 14 to the side walls of the container
9 via two holders 13 which are located at the side on the left and right of the
front surface of the container 9.

[0026] [[A]] The third module 15, ~~which is~~ (also referred to as electrical power distribution module), contains connections for the electrical outputs of the fuel cell and outgoers with fuses for the electrical loads on the high-voltage network, ~~which that~~ is fed from the fuel cell[[, of,]] (for example, 200 V-400 V in the electrical vehicle), and at least one on/off switch for the ~~outgoers~~. ~~Seen in outgoing. Relative to~~ the forward direction of travel of the vehicle, the module 15 is attached on the outside [[to]] ~~of~~ the rear wall 16 of the container 9. This wall 16 is adjacent to the module 4. Two or more plug connector elements, ~~of which the plug connector (for example, elements 18, 19 and 20) which are identified,~~ are located on a wall 17 of the module 15. ~~The plug connector elements, for example 18, 19, 20, are intended provided~~ for the ~~connections for connecting~~ cables which lead to the loads on the high-voltage network.

[0027] ~~Two holders~~ Holders 21, 22 are ~~in each case~~ attached respectively to the two longitudinal faces of the container 9[[,]] (that is, [[to say]]) the faces which run transversely with respect to the longitudinal supports in the vehicle), and ~~are intended for the attachment of~~ for attaching the electrical power generating system 1 to the vehicle. The holders 21, 22 are attached by means of screws 23 to two longitudinal supports 24, 25 of a load-bearing structure of the electrical vehicle. The holders 21, 22 have guide pins 26 which project into corresponding holes (~~which are~~ not illustrated in any more detail) in the longitudinal supports 24, 25 and are provided for rapid alignment of the container 9 with respect to the location of that attachment to the longitudinal supports during assembly.

[0028] The holders 21, 22 are equipped with movement restriction means, which restrict the movement of the container 9 relative to the longitudinal supports 24, 25, ~~allowing and allow~~ such movement only in the event of an impact of the vehicle beyond a specific impact strength. Furthermore, the holders 21, 22 have energy absorption means for controlled transmission of kinetic energy from the container 9 to the longitudinal supports 24, 25, with at least partial energy dissipation. The holders 21, 22 have a type of framework, which allows oscillating movements of the type described above. German patent document DE 197 38 620 C1 describes a conventional holder for a battery mount in an electrical vehicle, which allows the movements described above and the energy dissipation in the event of a crash.

[0029] The modules 2 and 4 [[are]] may each be produced separately, with the components ~~, which that~~ are not illustrated in ~~any more~~ detail[[,]] being inserted into the modules and [[being]] mounted ~~in them~~ therein. The necessary connections ~~which are required~~ between the components are then made in the modules 2 and 4. The two modules 2, 4 are then fixed and connected to one another in an apparatus, for example a jig. Once the coupling elements have been fitted between the two modules 2, 4, the ~~modules~~ latter are inserted into the container 9. The module 2 is screwed to the bottom 10 of the container 9, at the front. At the rear, the module 4 is screwed to the bottom 20 of the container, and to the side walls of the container 9.

[0030] The container together with the modules 2, 4 ~~represents is~~ a robust unit which can be transported on its own and which can be manufactured in

particular as a supply part for an electrical vehicle. A heavier fuel cell is required in order to achieve more power. The container together with the modules 2, 4 is placed on a lifting device and is raised from underneath into a cavity (which is provided for this purpose) in the jacked-up electrical vehicle, until the guide pins 26 engage in the holes (not shown) which are provided for this purpose in the longitudinal supports 24, 25, and the holders 21, 22 rest on the longitudinal supports 24, 25. The holders 21, 22 are then screwed to the longitudinal supports 24, 25.

[0031] The module 15 is then pushed from underneath in guide rails on the wall 16 as far as a stop, ~~which is~~ (not illustrated) ~~in any more detail~~, and is attached to the wall 16 by means of screws. The contacts (which are not illustrated) on the fuel cell and on the module 15 are then connected to one another. Once the module 15 has been fitted to the wall 16 of the container 9 that is mounted in the electrical vehicle, and once the electrical connections between the fuel cell and the module 25 have been made, the connecting line 28 for the hydrogen supply to the ~~l~~input 3, the lines to the inputs and outputs for air, the reaction products and cooling water are laid. A high-temperature and a low-temperature cooling circuit can be arranged in the vehicle, both of which are passed to the modules 2, 4 via the container. The means for provision of the hydrogen, for example a hydrogen tank, will have already been fitted in the electrical vehicle before the installation of the electrical power supply system 1.

[0032] The foregoing disclosure has been set forth merely to illustrate the invention and is not intended to be limiting. Since modifications of the disclosed

embodiments incorporating the spirit and substance of the invention may occur
to persons skilled in the art, the invention should be construed to include
everything within the scope of the appended claims and equivalents thereof.

ABSTRACT OF THE DISCLOSURE

~~The subject matter of the invention is an arrangement of an~~ An electrical power generating system in an electrical vehicle. ~~The electrical power generating system~~ has a first module [(2)] for preprocessing and metering of the gases to be supplied to a fuel cell, a second module [(4)] with the fuel cell, and an electrical power distribution module [(15)]. The first module [(2)] and the second module [(4)] are mounted in a container, which is then (9). ~~The unit comprising the container with the two modules~~ is installed in the electrical vehicle from underneath, in a cavity provided for this purpose. The electrical power distribution module [(15)] is then attached to the outside of the container.